

The Expansion of Europe



Name _____ Per. _____

Mckay Ch. 17

Learning objectives

- What important developments led to increased agricultural production, and how did these changes affect peasant?
- Why did the European population rise dramatically in the 18th century?
- How and why did rural industry intensify in the 18th century?
- What were guilds, and why did they become controversial in the 18th century?
- How did colonial markets boost Europe's economic and social development, and what conflicts did world trade entail?

Ch. 17-1 Working the Land & the Beginning of the Population Explosion p. 542-549

1. How did the *open field* system work? Why was much of the land left uncultivated while the people sometimes starved?
2. What changes brought the *open field* system to an end?
3. Where did the modern *agricultural revolution* originate and why?
4. Why did the Dutch lead the way in early farming innovations?

Identify and explain the contributions of each of the following

<i>individual</i>	<i>contribution</i>
Cornelius Vermuyden	
Jethro Tull	
Charles Townsend	

Identification

agrarian economy	
famine foods	
common land	
open field	

fallow field	
crop rotation	

5. What was the cause and effect of the *enclosure* movement?

Cause	Effect

The Beginning of the Population Explosion

6. Was the dramatic growth of population in the 18th century due to a decreasing death rate or an increasing birthrate? Explain.

7. How was the grip of the deadly bubonic plague finally broken?

8. What improvements in the 18th century contributed to the decline of disease and famine?

Ch. 17-2 The Growth of Rural Industry & The Debate Over Urban Guilds p. 554-557

9. How did the *putting-out* system work and why did it grow?

10. What were the advantages and disadvantages of the *putting-out* system for the merchant capitalist? For the worker?

	<i>Advantages</i>	<i>Disadvantages</i>
<i>Merchant/ Capitalist</i>		
<i>Worker</i>		

Identification

cottage industry	
textile	
Industrial revolution	
Guild system	

12. What was Adam Smith's criticism of the guild system?

13. What three roles did Adam Smith believe the government should be restricted to?

a.

b.

c.

14. What is meant by *economic liberalism*?

Ch. 17-3 The Atlantic World and Global Trade p. 557-571

15. What are the basic aims of *mercantilism*?

a.

b.

c.

16. The 18th century witnessed a large number of expensive and drawn-out wars. Who was attempting to altar the balance of power and were the causes of these wars economic or political? Explain.

17. What was the cause and effect of the 18th century Atlantic slave trade?

18. What role did each of the following play in colonial Latin America:

	Who were they?	What was their role?
Creoles		
Mixed race mestizos		
Indians		

Identify and explain the significance of the following:

Dutch East India Company	
English East India Company	

19. How did Britain come to be the main European influence in India?